File Transfer Protocol

#### $\square$ FTP

- File Transfer Protocol
- Used to transfer data from one computer to another over the internet
- Client-Server Architecture
- Separated control/data connections

### ☐ FTP connections

- Control connection
  - > Created when an FTP session is established
  - Only for passing control information
- Data connection
  - Each time that data is sent, a distinct TCP data connect is established

- ☐ Data connection Modes
  - Active Mode
  - Passive Mode
  - Request For Comments (RFCs):
    - > RFC 959 File Transfer Protocol
    - > RFC 2228 FTP Security Extensions
    - > RFC 2428 FTP Extensions for IPv6 and NATs
    - > RFC 2640 UTF-8 support for file name
    - ➤ RFC 2324 Hyper Text Coffee Pot Control Protocol

- ☐ Security concern
  - As we seen, FTP connections (both command and data) are transmitted in clear text
  - What if somebody sniffing the network?
    - ➤ We need encryption
- □ Solutions
  - FTP over SSH
    - > A normal FTP session tunneled through a SSH channel
  - SSH File Transfer Protocol (SFTP)
    - > Both commands and data are encrypted while transmitting
    - > One connection, but poor performance
  - FTP over TLS (ftps, ftpes)
    - > Only commands are encrypted while transmitting
    - Better performance

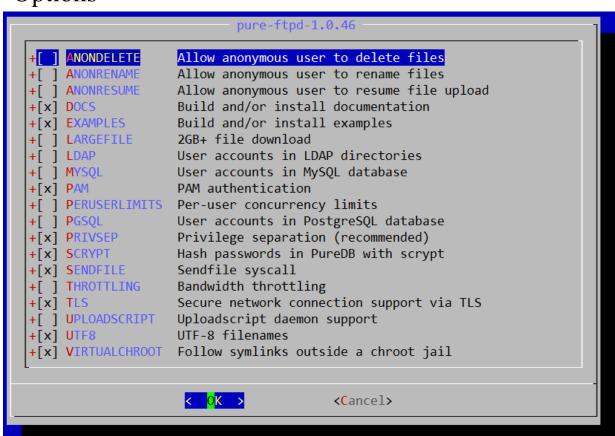
## - Pure-FTPd (1)

### ☐ Introduction

- A small, easy to set up, fast and secure FTP server
- Support chroot
- Restrictions on clients, and system-wide.
- Verbose logging with syslog
- Anonymous FTP with more restrictions
- Virtual Users, and Unix authentication
- FXP (File eXchange Protocol)
- FTP over TLS
- UTF-8 support for filenames

## - Pure-FTPd (2)

- ☐ Installation
  - Ports: /usr/ports/ftp/pure-ftpd
  - Options



## - Pure-FTPd (3)

### Other options

nctucs [/usr/ports/ftp/pure-ftpd] -wangth- sudo make extract ...

You can use the following additional options:

#### LANGUAGE=lang (default: english)

- Enable compilation of one language support available lang: brazilian-portuguese, catalan, czech, danish, dutch, english, french, french-funny, german, hungarian, italian, korean, norwegian, polish, romanian, russian, simplified-chinese, slovak, spanish, swedish, traditional-chinese, Turkish

#### LANGUAGE

Change the language of output messages

## ☐ Startup

Add pureftpd\_enable="YES" in /etc/rc.conf

# - Pure-FTPd Configurations(1)

- ☐ Configurations:
  - File: /usr/local/etc/pure-ftpd.conf
  - Documents
    - Configuration sample: /usr/local/etc/pure-ftpd.conf.sample
      - All options are explained clearly in this file.
    - Other documents
      - See /usr/local/share/doc/pure-ftpd/\*

```
nctucs [/usr/ports/ftp/pure-ftpd] -wangth- ls
AUTHORS
                            README.LDAP
CONTACT
                            README.MySQL
COPYING
                             README.PGSQL
HISTORY
                             README.TLS
NEWS
                             README.Virtual-Users
README
                             THANKS
README.Authentication-Modules pure-ftpd.png
README.Configuration-File
                             pureftpd.schema
```

# - Pure-FTPd Configurations(2)

```
# Restrict users to their home directory
ChrootEveryone
                     yes
# If the previous option is set to "no", members of the following group
# won't be restricted. Others will be. If you don't want chroot()ing anyone,
# just comment out ChrootEveryone and TrustedGID.
TrustedGID
# Disallow authenticated users - Act only as a public FTP server.
AnonymousOnly
                         no
# Disallow anonymous connections. Only accept authenticated users.
NoAnonymous
                         yes
# If you want simple Unix (/etc/passwd) authentication, uncomment this
UnixAuthentication ves
# Port range for passive connections - keep it as broad as possible.
PassivePortRange
                     30000 50000
# This option accepts three values:
# 0: disable SSL/TLS encryption layer (default).
# 1: accept both cleartext and encrypted sessions.
# 2: refuse connections that don't use the TLS security mechanism,
# including anonymous sessions.
# Do _not_ uncomment this blindly. Double check that:
# 1) The server has been compiled with TLS support (--with-tls),
# 2) A valid certificate is in place,
# 3) Only compatible clients will log in.
TLS 2
# UTF-8 support for file names (RFC 2640)
# Set the charset of the server filesystem and optionally the default charset
# for remote clients that don't use UTF-8.
# Works only if pure-ftpd has been compiled with --with-rfc2640
# FileSystemCharset UTF-8
```

# ClientCharset UTF-8

# - Pure-FTPd Problem Shooting

- ☐ Logs Location
  - In default, syslogd keeps ftp logs in /var/log/xferlog
- ☐ Most frequent problems
  - pure-ftpd: (?@?) [ERROR] Unable to find the 'ftp' account
    - ➤ It's ok, but you may need it for Virtual FTP Account.
  - pure-ftpd: (?@?) [ERROR] Sorry, but that file doesn't exist: [/etc/ssl/private/pure-ftpd.pem]
    - $\triangleright$  If you set TLS = 2, then this file is needed.
  - How to generate a pure-ftpd.pem?
    - > See README.TLS

## - Pure-FTPd Tools

☐ pure-\*

```
nctucs [~] -wangth- ls /usr/local/sbin/pure-*
/usr/local/sbin/pure-alwaysfail /usr/local/sbin/pure-mrtginfo
/usr/local/sbin/pure-authd /usr/local/sbin/pure-quotacheck
/usr/local/sbin/pure-ftpd /usr/local/sbin/pure-uploadscript
/usr/local/sbin/pure-ftpwho
nctucs [~] -wangth- ls /usr/local/bin/pure-*
/usr/local/bin/pure-pw /usr/local/bin/pure-statsdecode
/usr/local/bin/pure-pwconvert
```

- □ pure-ftpwho
  - List info of users who are currently connecting to the FTP server.
- ☐ pure-pw
  - Manage Virtual Users in PureDB format
  - pure-pw(8)
  - See README.Virtual-Users

## - More Tools

- ☐ ftp/pureadmin
  - Management utility for the PureFTPd
- ☐ ftp/lftp
  - Shell-like command line ftp client
  - Support TLS
- ☐ ftp/wget, ftp/curl
  - Retrieve files from the Net via HTTP(S) and FTP
- ☐ ftp/mget
  - Multithreaded commandline web-download manager
- ☐ FileZilla
  - A graphical cross-platform FTP client
  - Support TLS
- ☐ Pure-FTPd WebUI
  - PHP based web interface for Pure-FTPd